

Features

- Single-Supply Operation from +2.5V ~ +5.5V
- Rail-to-Rail Input / Output
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 20MHz (Typ.)
- Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ.)
- Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max.)
- High Slew Rate: 17V/µs
- Settling Time to 0.1% with 2V Step: 0.2µs

General Description

- Low Noise : 7nV/ Hz @10kHz
- Quiescent Current: 2.2mA per Amplifier (Typ.)
- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C
- Small Package:

GS8626 Available in SOP-8 and MSOP-8 Packages GS8628 Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages

The GS862X have a high gain-bandwidth product of 20MHz, a slew rate of $17V/\mu s$, and a quiescent current of 2.2mA per amplifier at 5V. The GS862X are designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for GS862X. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40°C to +125°C). The operating range is from 2.5V to 5.5V. The GS8626 dual is available in Green SOP-8 and MSOP-8 packages. The GS8628 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages.

Applications

- Sensors
- Active Filters
- Cellular and Cordless Phones
- Laptops and PDAs

Pin Configuration

- Audio
- Handheld Test Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instrumentation
- A/D Converters



Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram







Absolute Maximum Ratings

Condition		Min	Max	
Power Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to Vss)		-0.5V	+7.5V	
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)		/ss-0.5V	V _{DD} +0.5V	
PDB Input Voltage	١	/ss-0.5V	+7V	
Operating Temperature Range		-40°C	+125°C	
Junction Temperature		+160	°C	
Storage Temperature Range		-55°C	+150°C	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)		+260°C		
Package Thermal Resistance (TA=+25℃)				
SOP-8, θ _{JA}		125°C/W		
MSOP-8, θ _{JA}		216°C/W		
SOT23-5, θ _{JA}		190°(C/W	
SOT23-6, θ _{JA}		190°(C/W	
SC70-5, θ _{JA}		333°C/W		
ESD Susceptibility				
НВМ		8KV		
MM		400V		

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
GS8626	Dual	GS8626-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8626
G30020	Dual	GS8626-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8626
00000	Qued	GS8628-TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8628
GS8628 Quad	GS8628-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,2500	GS8628	





Electrical Characteristics

(At Vs=5V, T_A = +25 $^\circ \!\! C$, V_{CM} = V_S/2, R_L = 600 $^\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.)

		GS8626/8						
DADAMETER		ТҮР	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE					
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	+ 25° C	+25℃	0°C to 70°C	-40℃ to 85℃	-40 ℃ to 125℃	UNITS	MIN / MAX
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							•	•
Input Offset Voltage (V _{OS})		0.8	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.6	mV	MAX
Input Bias Current (I _B)		1					pА	TYP
Input Offset Current (I _{OS})		1					pА	TYP
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (V_{CM})	V _S = 5.5V	-0.1 to					V	TYP
		+5.6						
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	$V_{\rm S}$ = 5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = -0.1V to 4V	82	65	64	64	63	dB	MIN
	$V_{\rm S}$ = 5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = -0.1V to 5.6V	75					dB	MIN
Open-Loop Voltage Gain (A _{OL})	R_L = 6000, V_O = 0.15V to 4.85V	90	80	76	75	68	dB	MIN
	R_L = 10k Ω, V_O = 0.05V to 4.95V	108					dB	MIN
Input Offset Voltage Drift ($\Delta V_{OS} / \Delta_T$)		2.4					μ V /℃	TYP
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS				1				
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	R _L = 600Ω	0.1					V	TYP
	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	0.015					V	TYP
Output Current (I _{OUT})		70	55	45	42	38	mA	MIN
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	f = 100kHz, G = 1	7.5					Ω	TYP
POWER SUPPLY								
Operating Voltage Range			2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	V	MIN
			5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	v	MAX
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	V _S = +2.5V to +5.5V							
	$V_{CM} = (-V_S) + 0.5V$			70	70			
Quiescent Current/Amplifier (I_Q)	I _{OUT} = 0	91	74	72	72	68	dB	MIN
		2.2	3	3.3	3.4	3.7	mA	MAX







Electrical Characteristics

(At Vs=5V, T_A = +25 $^{\circ}$ C, V_{CM} = V_S/2, R_L = 600 $^{\Omega}$, unless otherwise noted.)

		GS8626/8							
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE						
	CONDITIONS		1.25%	0℃ to	-40℃ to	-40℃to		MIN /	
	+25°C		+25℃	70℃	85°C	125℃	UNITS	MAX	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE	·								
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	$R_{L} = 10k\Omega, C_{L} = 100pF$	20					MHz	TYP	
Phase Margin (ϕ_0)	$R_{L} = 10k\Omega, C_{L} = 100pF$	60					Degrees	TYP	
Full Power Bandwidth (BWP)	${<}1\%$ distortion, R_L = 600Ω	600					kHz	TYP	
Slew Rate (SR)	G = +1, 2V Step, R_L = 10k Ω	17					V/µs	TYP	
Settling Time to 0.1% (t_S)	G = +1, 2V Step, R_L = 600 Ω	0.2					μs	TYP	
Overload Recovery Time	$V_{IN} \cdot Gain = VS, R_L = 600\Omega$	1					μs	TYP	
NOISE PERFORMANCE	NOISE PERFORMANCE								
Voltage Noise Density (e _n)	f = 1kHz	14					nV/\sqrt{Hz}	TYP	
	f = 10kHz	7					nV/\sqrt{Hz}	TYP	







Typical Performance characteristics







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Typical Performance characteristics

Output Voltage Swing vs.Output Current



5 Sourcing Current Output Voltage (V) 3 **-50**℃ **135**℃ **25**℃ Vs=5V 2 0 Sinking Current -1⊾ 0 40 60 20 80

Output Current(mA)













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Application Note

Size

GS862X series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS862X series packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS862X series operates from a single 2.5V to 5.5V supply or dual $\pm 1.25V$ to $\pm 2.75V$ supplies. For best performance, a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1μ F ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 2.2mA per channel) of GS862X series will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems

Operating Voltage

GS862X series operate under wide input supply voltage (2.5V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-lon battery lifetime

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS862X series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS862X series can typically swing to less than 2mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k Ω), and 15mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k Ω).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The GS862X family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.



Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.







The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L. C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_F . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.



Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy









Typical Application Circuits

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS862X.



Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. $R_1=R_3$ and $R_2=R_4$), then

$$V_{\rm OUT} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\rm IP} - V_{\rm IN}) + V_{\rm REF}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_c=1/(2\pi R_3 C_1)$.



Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter







Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple GS862X can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.









Package Information

MSOP-8







		Dimensions In Inches		
MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043	
0.020	0.150	0.001	0.006	
0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037	
0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015	
0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009	
2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199	
0.650 BSC		0.026	BSC	
0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031	
0°	6°	0°	6°	
	In Milli MIN 0.820 0.020 0.750 0.250 0.090 2.900 2.900 4.750 0.650 0.400	0.820 1.100 0.020 0.150 0.750 0.950 0.250 0.380 0.090 0.230 2.900 3.100 2.900 3.100 4.750 5.050 0.650 BSC 0.400 0.800	In Millimeters In Im MIN MAX MIN 0.820 1.100 0.032 0.020 0.150 0.001 0.750 0.950 0.030 0.250 0.380 0.010 0.090 0.230 0.004 2.900 3.100 0.114 2.900 3.100 0.114 4.750 5.050 0.026 0.650 BSC 0.026 0.400 0.800 0.016	







SOP-8



Symbol		nsions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
А	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
с	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27	1.27 BSC		BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
e	0°	8°	0°	8°	







TSSOP-14







	Dimensions					
Symbol	In Millimeters					
Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX			
А	-	-	1.20			
A1	0.05	-	0.15			
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05			
b	0.20	-	0.28			
с	0.10	0.10 -				
D	4.86	4.96	5.06			
E	6.20	6.40	6.60			
E1	4.30	4.30 4.40				
e		0.65 BSC				
L	0.45	0.45 0.60				
L1	1.00 REF					
L2	0.25 BSC					
R	0.09	-	-			
θ	0° - 8°					









SOP-14

GS8626/8628





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches			
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX	
A	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069	
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010	
A2	1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065	
A3	0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030	
b	0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019	
D	8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344	
E	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244	
E1	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157	
е	1.27 BSC			0.050 BSC			
L	0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032	
L1		1.04 REF			0.040 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC				0.01 BSC		
R	0.07			0.003			
R1	0.07			0.003			
h	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020	
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°	



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